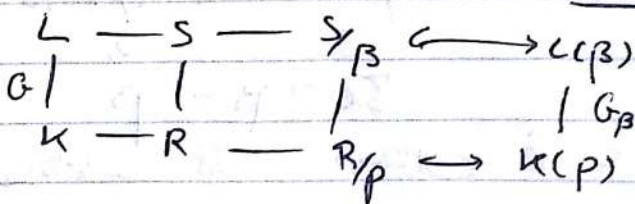


5 הדרגה

$$! ? = Gal (x^5 + 2x^4 + 3x^3 + 4x^2 + 5x + 6)$$

הדרגה



↓  
הדרגה

הדרגה 5    הדרגה 5    18 e'



המשפט הזה  
 הוא תוצאה של  
 ה-17

אם  $b \in \mathbb{F}_p$  אז  $b \equiv a \pmod{p_0}$ , כאשר  $p_0 \neq \sigma^{-1} p \sigma$ ,  $\forall \sigma \in \Sigma$

$b \equiv a \pmod{p_0}$   
 $1 \neq \sigma \in \Sigma$  אז  $b \equiv 1 \pmod{\sigma^{-1} p \sigma}$

-(10)

$X = \text{Norm}_{K_0/K}(b)$

$X \in \mathbb{F}$

, 15c

$\sigma b \equiv 1 \pmod{p} \iff b^{-1} \in \sigma^{-1} p \sigma \text{ ולכן } b \equiv 1 \pmod{\sigma^{-1} p \sigma} \iff$

$\left( \begin{array}{l} x \in \mathbb{F} \\ x - a \in K_0 \\ \downarrow \\ x - a \in p \end{array} \right)$

$x = \prod_{\sigma \in \Sigma} \sigma b = b \prod_{1 \neq \sigma \in \Sigma} \sigma b \equiv a \pmod{p}$

אם  $\mathbb{F} = \mathbb{F}_p$  אז  $D = G$ ,  $\sigma \in G$  אז  $\sigma b \equiv b \pmod{p}$   
 $D_p, \mathbb{F}_p$  הם שווים.  $\mathbb{F}_0, p, K_0 \rightarrow \mathbb{F}, p, K$   
 מוביל ל-17

אם  $x \in \mathbb{F}$  אז  $f(x) = 0$  אז  $x \in \mathbb{F}_p$  אז  $x \equiv a \pmod{p}$   
 $L(\mathbb{F})/K(\mathbb{F})$  הוא  $\mathbb{F}_p$  אז  $x \equiv a \pmod{p}$   
 $f(x) = 0$  אז  $x \equiv a \pmod{p}$

$f(x) = \prod_{\sigma \in G} (x - \sigma(x))$

$\bar{f}(x) = \prod_{\sigma \in G} (x - \sigma(\bar{x}))$

יש זהות  
 שאלה?

$f(\bar{x}) = f(x) = 0$

אם  $\bar{x} \in \mathbb{F}_p$  אז  $f(\bar{x}) = 0$  אז  $\bar{x} \equiv a \pmod{p}$   
 $\bar{x} \in \mathbb{F}_p$  אז  $\bar{x} \equiv a \pmod{p}$   
 $\bar{x} \in \mathbb{F}_p$  אז  $\bar{x} \equiv a \pmod{p}$   
 $\bar{x} \in \mathbb{F}_p$  אז  $\bar{x} \equiv a \pmod{p}$

□

ע"ש 1030 - 1031 - 1032

$$1 \rightarrow I_\beta \rightarrow D_\beta \xrightarrow{\sigma \rightarrow \bar{\sigma}} G_\beta \rightarrow 1$$

כל  $\sigma \in G_\beta$ ,  $I_\beta = 1$  על  $\beta/p$  - כל  $\sigma \in G_\beta$ ,  $I_\beta = 1$  על  $\beta/p$  - כל  $\sigma \in G_\beta$ ,  $I_\beta = 1$  על  $\beta/p$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \cdot p \leq q \leq E \text{ (כל } \sigma \in G_\beta \text{)} \\ \cdot \sigma \in G_\beta \text{ על } \beta/p \end{array} \right]$$

$$I_{\sigma\beta} = \sigma I_\beta \sigma^{-1}, \quad D_{\sigma\beta} = \sigma D_\beta \sigma^{-1} \quad \text{המרה}$$

כל  $\tau \in D_{\sigma\beta} \Leftrightarrow \tau\sigma\beta = \sigma\beta$

$$\square \cdot \tau \in \sigma D_\beta \sigma^{-1} \Leftrightarrow \sigma^{-1}\tau\sigma \in D_\beta \Leftrightarrow \sigma^{-1}\tau\sigma\beta = \beta$$

כל  $\sigma \in G_\beta$ ,  $I_\beta = 1$  על  $\beta/p$  - כל  $\sigma \in G_\beta$ ,  $I_\beta = 1$  על  $\beta/p$  - כל  $\sigma \in G_\beta$ ,  $I_\beta = 1$  על  $\beta/p$

$$\varphi_q(x) = x^q, \quad \forall x \in L(\beta)$$

ע"ש 1030 - 1031 - 1032

$$1 \rightarrow I_\beta \rightarrow D_\beta \rightarrow \langle \varphi_q \rangle \rightarrow 1$$

כל  $\sigma \in G_\beta$ ,  $I_\beta = 1$  על  $\beta/p$  - כל  $\sigma \in G_\beta$ ,  $I_\beta = 1$  על  $\beta/p$  - כל  $\sigma \in G_\beta$ ,  $I_\beta = 1$  על  $\beta/p$

$$\sigma = \left( \frac{L/K}{\beta/p} \right) \text{ כל } \sigma \in G_\beta \text{ על } \beta/p$$

כל  $\sigma \in G_\beta$ ,  $I_\beta = 1$  על  $\beta/p$  - כל  $\sigma \in G_\beta$ ,  $I_\beta = 1$  על  $\beta/p$  - כל  $\sigma \in G_\beta$ ,  $I_\beta = 1$  על  $\beta/p$

$\text{Gal} \left( \frac{L/K}{\beta/p} \right) = \text{Gal} \left( \frac{L/K}{\beta/p} \right)$

$$\left( \frac{L/K}{p} \right) := \left\{ \left( \frac{L/K}{\beta/p} \right) : \beta \right\}$$

...

$$? = \text{Gal}(x^5 + 2x^4 + 3x^3 + 4x^2 + 5x + 6)$$

$$S_5 \cong \text{Gal}(f(x), \mathbb{Q})$$

$$1 \rightarrow I_p \rightarrow D_p^S \rightarrow G_p^S \rightarrow 1$$

...

$$p=2 - x(x^2 + x + 1)^2$$

$$p=5 - (x+3)(x^4 + 4x^3 + 2)$$

$$p=11 - x^5 + \dots + 5x + 6$$

$$p=19 - (x^2 + 7x + 3)(x^3 + 14x^2 + 16x + 2)$$

- p=11

$$\sqrt{3} \text{ ...} = L(P_{11})$$

$$S \mid \Rightarrow G_{11} = \langle S \text{ ...} \rangle$$

$$F_{11} \left( \frac{L/\mathbb{Q}}{P_{11}, 11} \right) = \text{em } G_{11}$$

...

$$\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_5 \text{ ... } - p=2$$

$$\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_5 \text{ ...}$$

$$\alpha_3 = \alpha_4, \alpha_1 = \alpha_2$$

...

$$D/I - 2 \leftarrow$$

$$D - 2 \leftarrow$$

$$(i) (kl)$$

$$(i) (kl)$$

$$(i)$$

4-  $\sigma$  is a permutation of  $G \leq 4$  such that  $p=5$   
 (if  $i \neq j$  then  $\sigma(i) \neq j$ )

2-  $p=19$

$\sigma = (ij) (klm)$

$\downarrow$

$\sigma^3 = (ij)$

$G = S_5 \cong \text{Aut}(G) \cong S_5$

□

Let  $K$  be a field of characteristic  $p$ . Let  $G$  be a group of order  $p$ .

Let  $L/K$  be a Galois extension with  $[L:K] = p$ .

Let  $\sigma \in \text{Gal}(L/K)$  be a generator of  $\text{Gal}(L/K) \cong \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ .

$\beta \in L$  such that  $\beta^p \in K$  and  $\beta \notin K$ .

$\beta^p \in K$

$D_{L/E} = D_{L/K} \circ G_{L/E}$  (1)

$I_{L/E} = I_{L/K} \circ G_{L/E}$

$K = E = L$   
 $u_i = u_i$   
 $\beta = \beta = \beta$   
 $\beta = \beta = \beta$

Let  $E/K$  be a Galois extension with  $[E:K] = p$ .

Let  $\sigma \in \text{Gal}(E/K)$  be a generator of  $\text{Gal}(E/K) \cong \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ .

$1 \rightarrow I_{L/E} \rightarrow D_{L/E} \rightarrow G_{L/E} \rightarrow 1$

$\downarrow \text{res} \quad \downarrow \text{res} \quad \downarrow \text{res}$

$1 \rightarrow I_{L/K} \rightarrow D_{L/K} \rightarrow G_{L/K} \rightarrow 1$

$\downarrow \text{res} \quad \downarrow \text{res} \quad \downarrow \text{res}$

$1 \rightarrow I_{E/K} \rightarrow D_{E/K} \rightarrow G_{E/K} \rightarrow 1$

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$

Let  $\beta \in L$  such that  $\beta^p \in K$  and  $\beta \notin K$ .

Lemma

(1)  $D_{L/E} = D_{L/K} \circ G_{L/E}$

(2)  $I_{L/E} = I_{L/K} \circ G_{L/E}$

$D_{L/E} \rightarrow D_{E/K}$  is surjective

$I_{L/E} \rightarrow I_{E/K}$  is surjective

מקבילי ל-310' גולדשטיין

$\sigma \in \text{Gal}(L/K)$   $\rightarrow$   $\sigma P_L = P_L - e$   $\rightarrow$   $\sigma \cdot E \rightarrow E$   
 $\sigma' \in \text{Gal}(L/K)$   $\rightarrow$   $\sigma' P_L = P_L$   $\rightarrow$   $\sigma' \cdot E = E$

$(P_L \text{ for } \sigma)$   $\rightarrow$   $\sigma' = \beta_L - e$   $\rightarrow$   $\sigma' \in \text{Gal}(L/E)$

$$\sigma' P_L = P_L \iff$$

$$\sigma' \in P_{L/E} \iff$$

$$\text{res}_E(\sigma') = \text{res}_E(\sigma) \text{res}_E(\sigma') =$$

$$= \text{res}_E(\sigma) = \sigma$$

$\rightarrow$   $\sigma' \in P_{L/E} \iff \sigma' = \sigma$

(Diagram chasing)  $\rightarrow$   $\sigma' = \sigma$

**4.1**

4.1 -  $\rightarrow$   $\sigma' = \sigma$

(DVR)  $\rightarrow$   $\sigma' = \sigma$   $\rightarrow$   $\sigma' = \sigma$

(uniformizers)  $\rightarrow$   $\sigma' = \sigma$

- ①  $\sigma' = \sigma$
- ②  $\sigma' = \sigma$
- ③  $\sigma' = \sigma$
- ④  $\sigma' = \sigma$
- ⑤  $\text{spec}(B) = \{0, \pi R\}$

$\rightarrow$   $\sigma' = \sigma$   $\rightarrow$   $\sigma' = \sigma$





--- 831 [a --- 17109717]

$$\prod P_i \prod Q_j \in (aB+a)(B \cdot \mathbb{Z}) =$$

$$= aB + a = a$$

--- 17109717

se, 17109717 12 17109717 B 17109717  
 $k_1 \dots k_n \dots 17109717 P_1 \dots P_n \dots 17109717$   
 $0 = P_1^{k_1} \dots P_n^{k_n} - a$

( $a = a$  17109717 17109717)  
 17109717 17109717 17109717 17109717

17109717  $a^k b^l$  17109717 17109717  $a, b$  17109717

$$(a+b)^{k+l} \equiv a^k + b^l$$

17109717 \*

□ 17109717  $B = (a+b)^{k+l} - a^k - b^l$   $a+B=B$   $17109717$

17109717 17109717 17109717 17109717  $B$  17109717

$$0 = \prod P_i^{k_i}$$

$$B \equiv \prod B / P_i^{k_i}$$

- 17109717

(17109717) 17109717 CRT 17109717 (17109717)

17109717  $P_i$  17109717  $B / P_i^{k_i} - a$  17109717 17109717  
 $\text{Spec } B = \{P_1, \dots, P_n\}$

$$(\text{Spec}(B \times S) = \text{Spec } B \cup \text{Spec } S)$$

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